

KCSE FORM FOUR JOINT EVALUATION EXAM

1a. The teachings about human beings form the biblical creation accounts

- Human beings are created in the image/likeness of God
- They have the breath of life from God
- They have been given authority/dominion over Gods creation
- They communicate/fellowship with God
- They are special, the greatest of God's creation
- They have ability to think or reason, can make choice of their lives
- They have been given a specific place to stay at the garden of Eden
- Human beings are to procreate/multiply through marriage
- Man plus woman are compliment/provide companionship for each other
- Human beings are created in fully sexuality a male plus a female

(1x7=7mks)

b. Effects of sin on Adam and Eve

- They started dying yet they were to live forever
- They became afraid of God/hid when God called them
- They lost the authority over the other creation
- Man was to rule over the woman
- The woman was to be in pain while giving birth
- There developed enmity between the human beings and the serpent

- They were to toil/sweat in order to get food
- They became embarrassed because of their nakedness
- They were expelled out of the garden of Eden
- They developed mistrust between man and woman

(1x 8=8mks)

(c) How the church helps to bring back members who have fallen from the faith

- By visiting them/inviting them to their homes
- By evangelizing to them
- By being patient /forgiving them
- By giving and providing counseling
- Praying for them
- By inviting them back to church
- By encouraging them to repent
- By offering material needs/aid

(1 x 5=5mks)

2 (a) Seven activities carried out by the Israelites on the night of the Passover.

- Every man chose a lamb or a young goat for his family 1 year old without blemish
- The chosen animal was slaughtered
- Blood was put on the two door post of the house.
- The slaughtered animal was to be roasted /eaten whole
- The Israelites ate the unleavened bread /bitter herbs
- They ate while fully dressed for a journey.

- They stayed indoors till morning
- They burnt all the leftovers of the meat
- They borrowed jewellery /clothing from Egyptians

(1 x 7= 7mks)

(b) Why exodus was important to the Israelites

- It marked the end of their suffering/oppression in Egypt.
- It signified that they were a special nation chosen by God
- It was a fulfillment of the promise God had made to Abraham.
- It proved that God was more powerful than other gods.
- It showed/proved them that Moses was chosen leader of God
- The exodus united the people of Israel as a nation.
- It made them to understand the nature of god
- It taught them that god needed obedience from human beings
- They received the ten commandments which guided them in their relationships

(1 x 7=7mks)

(c) Ways Christians express their faith in god

- Praying to god
- Giving offerings and paying tithes
- Reading the bible
- Preaching the gospel
- Singing Christian hymns
- Helping the poor
- Leading holy lives

- Repenting their sins
- Attending fellowship

(1 x 6=6mks)

3 (a) Duties of Samuel as a prophet of Israel

- Performing priestly duties –offering sacrifices
- King maker anointed two kings of Israel Saul and David
- Settled disputes and passed judgment on offenders
- Foretold God’s plan for the future
- Acted as a media for between God and people
- Advised both the kings and the people to obey covenant laws
- He rebuked the kings when they went wrong e.g. Saul
- Asked the Israelites to abide by the covenant laws
- Led the Israelites into war against their enemies

(1 x 7=7mks)

(b) Contest between Prophet Elijah and prophets of Baal at Mt. Carmel

- Prophet Elijah asked King Ahab to assemble all the people at Mt Carmel
- The king summoned all the people including the prophets of Baal at Mt. Carmel
- Elijah told the people to choose between god and Baal
- He suggested to the people that two bulls be slaughtered by each party to offer the sacrifice to their gods
- He told the people the God who will burn the sacrifice will be the true God
- The prophet of Baal were given a bull slaughtered and called their gods

- Elijah mocked them to shout louder to their gods
- They prayed cut themselves with knives until they bled but Baal did not answer them
- Elijah asked the people to come near him repaired the alter of god
- He placed the sacrifice, told the people to pour water on it
- He called upon the name of the living God –fire came and burnt the sacrifice
- The people threw themselves on the ground and worshipped the word as the fire God
- Elijah killed the prophets of Baal

(1 x 8=8mks)

(c)Relevance of Elijah’s prophetic mission to Christians today

- Christians to uphold the worship of God and fight idolatry
- They should be courageous and condemn all forms of social and economic evils in society
- Christians not to bear false witness against their neighbours
- Call sinners to repentance
- Should not abuse their offices
- To serve god with commitments
- Be prepared to suffer when doing the work of god

(1 x 5=5mks)

4 (a) Titles given to the Old Testament prophets

- A man of God
- Servant of Yahweh
- Messenger of God

- Interpreter of God's word
- A man of the spirit
- A waterman of God's word /people
- A shepherd of the people of God
- Seer

(1x 7 =7mks)

(b) Teachings of Amos on remnant and restoration –Amos9:8-15

- God would restore the dynasty of David after destruction
- God would bring people back to their land
- The people will be rebuilt their cities.
- The land would be reproductive e.g. grapes will be in abundance
- The people would give food and harvest it
- The nation of Israel would be peaceful and prosperous
- The Israelites would never be taken to exile again

(1 x 6=6mks)

(c) Relevance of prophet Amos on election of Israel to Christians in Kenya today

- Christians are Gods people
- It is god who chooses them to be Christian
- God chooses one to be a Christian from many others
- Christians should proclaim the good news
- God protects them from their enemies
- They should be faithful and obedient to god
- They will be punished by God if they do wrong

- They should always repent their sins and ask for forgiveness
- Christians are the light of the world
- Priests /church leaders are chosen by God

(1 x 7=7mks)

5 (a) Stages followed during the renewal of the covenant at the time of Nehemiah

- The people gathered in the public square in Jerusalem
- The priest Ezra read the law to people
- They performed repentance gestures of raising and lowering their hands
- People made shift tents/shelters to celebrate the feast of both
- There was day of confession/fasting as they wear sackcloth's
- Ezra led people in prayer of confession
- They feared the covenant by signing an agreement under the leadership of Nehemiah and the priest
- The people promised not to go against the mosaic laws
- The re-distribution of the people in Jerusalem and country side

(1 x 8 =8mks)

(b) Reasons Nehemiah carried out religious reforms in Judah

- To preserve the identity of the Jews as people of god
- To separate the Jews from foreign influence
- To purify the temple this had been defile by keeping a foreigner
- To reinstate themselves of the Levites as priests in the temple/singers
- To restore the tithing system that had been forgotten for the upkeep of the temple
- To ensure that the Sabbath day was free from business activities

- In order to cleanse the Jews a who had intermarried with foreigners/idolatry
- To restore the true worship of God

(1 x 6=6mks)

(c) Lessons Christians can learn from Nehemiah renewal of the covenant

- Christians should ask for their sins to be forgiven
- They should lead righteous lives/obedient
- Should always pray to God
- Should demonstrate humility
- Avoid groups that can negatively influence their faith in god
- Teach others the word of God
- Set aside a day of worship
- Should read the word of God regularly
- They should share with the needy

(1 x 6=6mks)

6 (a) Factors contributing to harmony and mutual responsibility in T.A.C

- Political organization
- Division of labour
- Communal worship
- Leisure activities
- Rites of passage
- Observance of taboos
- Rules and regulations
- Communal ownership of property (1 x 7=7mks)

- **(b) Eight roles of a priest in T.A.C.**

- Mediators between people and god
- Presided over sacrifices and offerings
- Advised people on proper ways of social living
- They carried out cleansing rituals to enable a member be accepted back in the community
- They reconcile various warring parties
- They take care of sacred places i.e. Shrines and Temples
- They guard the communities' customs and traditions and pass on to new generation
- They confer blessings to members e.g. before going to war
- They intercede for people's needs to God

(1 x 8=8mks)

(c) Reasons why payment of dowry is not popular in Kenya today

- Dowry has been commercialized
- Poverty-lack of money or possessions to give
- Influence from western culture and breakdown of African values
- Fear of divorce for the rate is very high in society and no one is ready to repay
- Lack of commitment to their marriages resulting in trial marriages
- Christians do not put a lot of emphasis on dowry payment but on love, faithfulness
- Unreasonable demands and pressure on young people from the parents of the bride leading to elopement
- Permissiveness in that the negotiations are left to parents of the boy and the girl