

Name: Index No:

Candidate's signature.....

Date.....

Muungano KCSE Trial Exam

311/2
HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT
PAPER 2
July 2017
2 ½ Hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

*This paper consists of **three** sections **A, B and C***

*Answer **ALL** questions in section **A**, **three** questions from section **B** and **ANY two** questions from section **C**.*

*Answers to all questions **MUST** be written in the answer booklet provided.*

Candidates may be penalized for not following the instructions given in this paper.

This paper consists of 3 printed Pages

*Candidates should check the question paper to ensure that all the pages are printed as indicated
and no questions are missing*

Turn Over

SECTION A (25 MARKS)*Answer all questions from this section*

1. *Name one* pre-historical site found in the Rift Valley (1mk)
2. *State one way* in which early man obtained food during the old stone age (1mk)
3. *State two ways* in which people in developing countries are affected by food shortages (2mks)
4. *Give one advantage* of drumbeating as a form of communication over the use of smoke signals (1mk)
5. *State two ways* through which slaves were obtained during the Trans-Atlantic slave trade (2mks)
6. *State two ways* in which the industrial revolution contributed to European expansion overseas (2mks)
7. *Give one way* in which poor transport network hinders industrialization in the third world countries (1mk)
8. *Give the main role* of the royal fire among the Shona during the pre-colonial period (1mk)
9. *State one way* in which the Ndebele benefited after the British-Ndebele war of 1893-1896 (1mk)
10. *Give one method* of administration used by the French to administer their colonies in Africa (1mk)
11. *Identify one military* alliance formed during the cold war (1mk)
12. *State the main aim* of the Non-Aligned Movement (NAM) (1mk)
13. *Name two* East African presidents who signed the treaty for the rebirth of the East African community (EAC) in 2001 (2mks)
14. *State two ways* in which the policy of nationalization slowed down economic development in Tanzania during the reign of Julius Nyerere (2mks)
15. *Give two political changes* introduced by Mobutu that led to dictatorship in the Democratic Republic of Congo (2mks)
16. *Give two disadvantages* of a federal system of government (2mks)
17. *State two factors* that limit parliamentary supremacy in Britain (2mks)

SECTION B (45 MARKS)*Answer Any Three questions from this section*

18. a) *Give three uses* of Acheulian tools during the old stone age (3mks)
 b) *Describe the way* of life of early human beings during the Old Stone Age (12mks)
19. a) *Give three roles* played by the Tuaregs during the Trans-Saharan trade (3mks)
 b) *Explain six effects* of the Trans-Saharan trade on the people of western Sudan (12mks)
20. a) *Identify three features* of a cellphone (3mks)
 b) *Explain six effects* of the development of railway transport in the 19th century (12mks)
21. a) *Identify three peaceful methods* used by nationalists in South Africa in the struggle for independence (3mks)
 b) *Explain six reasons* why Ghana achieved independence earlier than other African countries (12mks)

SECTION C (30 MARKS)*Answer Any Two questions from this section*

22. a) *State three factors* that led to the rise of the Buganda Kingdom in the 19th century (3mks)
 b) *Describe* the political organization of the Buganda Kingdom during the pre-colonial period (12mks)
23. a) *Name three* African founder members of the Pan-African movement (3mks)
 b) *Explain six challenges* faced by the Pan-African movement (12mks)
24. a) *Identify three privileges* enjoyed by the members of parliament in Britain (3mks)
 b) *Explain six functions* of the House of Lords in Britain (12mks)