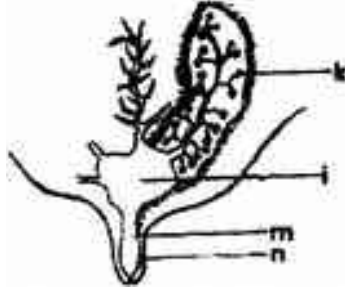


NAME	INDEX
SCHOOL	DATE

LIVESTOCK PRODUCTION (VI) – CATTLE

1. 1995

(a) The diagram below is a cross section of part of a cow's udder



Label on the diagram the parts marked k, i, m and n. (2 marks)

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(b) i) What is milk let down? (1 mark)

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ii) Which hormone stimulates milk let down. (1 mark)

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(c) State three practices which are carried out to control mastitis in lactating cows.

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2. 1995

Describe the management of a dairy heifer calf from birth until it is mature for first service. (20 marks)

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3. 1997

a) Name any two characteristics of good quality whole milk. (1 mark)

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b) State three advantages of artificial calf rearing. (3 marks)

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4. 1998

State four qualities of clean milk. (2 marks)

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a) Define the term colostrums (1 mark)

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b) Explain three qualities that make colostrums suitable for newly born calves. (3 marks)

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c) Give two methods of feeding colostrums to a newly born calf. (1 mark)

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5. **1999**
State any six practices that would ensure clean milk production (3 marks)

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6. **2000**
State six marketing problems affecting dairy farming in Kenya. (3 marks)

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7. **2001**
Describe the management of a dairy calf using artificial rearing method from birth to weaning (20 marks)

9. **2008 Q4 P2**
Differentiate between homogenization and pasteurization in milk processing (1 mark)

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10. **2008 Q7 P2**
What is dry cow therapy? (1 mark)

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11. **2008 Q30 P2**
a) Describe the feeding practices carried out on a calf from birth to weaning. (10 marks)

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b) Describe management practices that would ensure clean milk production in a dairy farm. (10 marks)

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12. 2009 Q5 P2
State four advantages of artificial calf rearing in dairy cattle management (2 marks)

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13. 2009 Q15 P2
State two conditions that may inhibit milk let-down during milking (1 mark)

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14. **2010 Q28b P2**
(b) (i) Outline **three** characteristics of clean milk. (3 marks)

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(ii) Explain **seven** factors that affect milk composition in dairy farming. (7 marks)

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15. **2011 Q26b P1**

b) Give a reason for each of the farm records kept on a dairy farm. (5 marks)

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16. 2011 Q19 P1

A dairy farmer is required to prepare 100 kg of dairy meal containing 20% Digestible Crude Protein (D.C.P). Using the Pearson's Square Method, calculate the quantity of soya bean (40% D.C.P) and rice (16% D.C.P) the farmer requires for the dairy meal.

(4 marks)

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17. 2012 Q13 P1

Give three advantages of zero grazing in dairy farming (2½ marks)

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18. 2012 Q14 P2

State four practices that immediately come after complete milking in a milking shade

(2 marks)

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19. 2012 Q23b P2

(b) Give the reasons why embryo transfer use should be encouraged in dairy cattle breeding.

(8 marks)

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