

JOINT INTERSCHOOLS EVALUATION TESTS JISSET

SECTION A (25marks)

Answer ALL the questions in this section on the answer sheets provided.

1. **Give two** reasons for studying History. 2 marks
2. **Give two** ways in which the knowledge of iron working helped in the migration of the Bantu. 2 marks
3. **What** was the original homeland of the River-Lake Nilotes? 1 mark
4. **Give two** functions of the councils of elders in the pre-colonial Kenya. 2 marks
5. **State two** reasons why the Omani rulers were interested in establishing their control over the Kenyan coast. 2 marks
6. **Give one** way through which Seyyid Said assisted in the spread of Christianity in Kenya. 1 mark
7. **State two** achievements of the Imperial British East Africa Company in Kenya during the time of its rule. 2 marks
8. **Give two** reasons why Africans were not willing to provide labour in settler farms during the colonial period. 2 marks
9. **Identify one** feature of political associations formed in Kenya between 1919 and 1939. 1 mark
10. **Identify two** reasons why African elected members of Legco rejected both the Lytteltor and Lennox-Boyd proposals. 2 marks
11. **Give one** way through which the colonial government controlled the migration of Africans to urban areas. 1 mark
12. **Who** was the first Prime Minister in independent of Kenya? 1 mark
13. **Identify one** institution which advised the governor in Kenya in the administration of the colony during the early 20th century. 1 mark
14. **Identify two** types of cases the Judiciary deals with in Kenya. 2 marks
15. **What** is the main role of the Attorney General as an Ex-official member of parliament? 1 mark

16. **What** is the collective responsibility in relation to the cabinet in Kenya? 1 mark
17. **Name one** ex-official member of the local authority in Kenya. 1 mark

SECTION B (45 marks)

Answer any THREE questions from this section on the answer sheets provided.

18. (a) **State five** economic activities of the Maasai in the pre-colonial period. 5 marks
 (b) **Describe** the political organization of the Somali in Kenya during the pre-colonial period. 10 marks
19. (a) **State five** problems which the African nationalists in Kenya faced in the struggle for independence. 5 marks
 (b) **Explain five** roles played by Kenya African Union (K.A.U) in promoting nationalism in Kenya between 1945 and 1953. 10 marks
20. (a) **State five** reasons for the Maasai collaboration with the British in the colonial period. 5 marks
 (b) **Explain five** results of Nabongo Mumia's collaboration with the British. 10 marks
21. (a) **State three** political reasons for the construction of the Uganda Railway. 3 marks
 (b) **Discuss** the result of the Devonshire White Paper of 1923. 12 marks

SECTION C (30marks)

Answer any TWO questions from this section on the answer sheets provided.

22. (a) **State five** reasons why national unity is important. 5marks
 (b) **Explain five** ways in which the government of Kenya has tried to promote national integration since independence. 10 marks
23. (a) **Describe** the process of preparing a bill before it is taken to parliament for debate. 3 marks
 (b) **Explain six** ways in which the Bill of Rights protects the rights of individuals in Kenya. 12 marks
24. (a) **Identify three** committees developed in parliament to ensure that government revenue is spent well. 3 marks
 (b) **Describe six** challenges faced in planning the national budget in Kenya today. 12 marks