

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ IND NO: \_\_\_\_\_

312/2

GEOGRAPHY

PAPER 2

JAN/FEB 2011

TIME: 2 HOURS 4

BUMA EXAMINATIONS  
KENYA CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION.  
FORM FOUR TERM ONE EXAMINATIONS  
312/2 GEOGRAPHY

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATE**

This paper has two sections A and B

Answer all the questions in Section A. In Section B answer question 6 and any other two questions

All answers must be written on the answer Sheet provided

SECTION A: Answer all questions in this section

1.
  - (a) Name two types of mineral fuels (2mks)
  - (b) State three ways in which minerals occur (3mks)
2. (a) Apart from migration name two other factors influencing population growth (2mks)
  - (b) Give three types of internal migration (3mks)
3. (a) Name three tourist attractions in Coastal province of Kenya (3mks)
  - (b) Give three problems facing tourism in Kenya (3mks)
4. (a) Other than linear settlement, give two other types of rural settlements (2mks)
  - (b) State two advantages of linear settlement (2mks)
5. (a) State two causes of drought (2mks)
  - (b) Highlight three possible solutions to drought problem in Kenya (3mks)

*SECTION B: Answer question 6 and any other two questions*

6. The table below shows data on wheat production in Kenya from 1999 to 2003

Year	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Production in Tonnes	55400	73800	81500	60100	64400

- (a) (i) Using a vertical scale of 1 cm represents 10, 000 tonnes construct a simple bar graph to represent the information (5mks)
  - (ii) Give two advantages of the method you have used in (a) (i) above (2mks)
  - (iii) Name two other methods that could be used instead of a simple bar graph (2mks)
- (b) State four physical factors favouring wheat fanning in Kenya (4mks)
- (c) Give:
  - (i) Three districts in Kenya where wheat is grown (3mks)
  - (ii) Three provinces in Canada majorly known for wheat growing (3mks)
- (d) Explain three problems facing wheat farming in Kenya (6mks)
- (c) Explain four problems facing beef farming in Kenya (8mks)
- (d) Students of Nakhumicha Boys School carried out a field study on beef farming within their county.
  - (i) Name two methods they used to collect data (2mks)

(ii) State two objectives for the study (2mks)

7. (a) Define: (1 mk)

(i) Forestry (1 mk)

(ii) Agro-forestry (3mks)

(iii) Name three major soft wood forest blocks in Western Kenya (2mks)

(b) (i) Name two commercial softwoods grown in Kenya (8rnks)

(ii) Give four differences between forestry in Kenya and Canada (4mks)

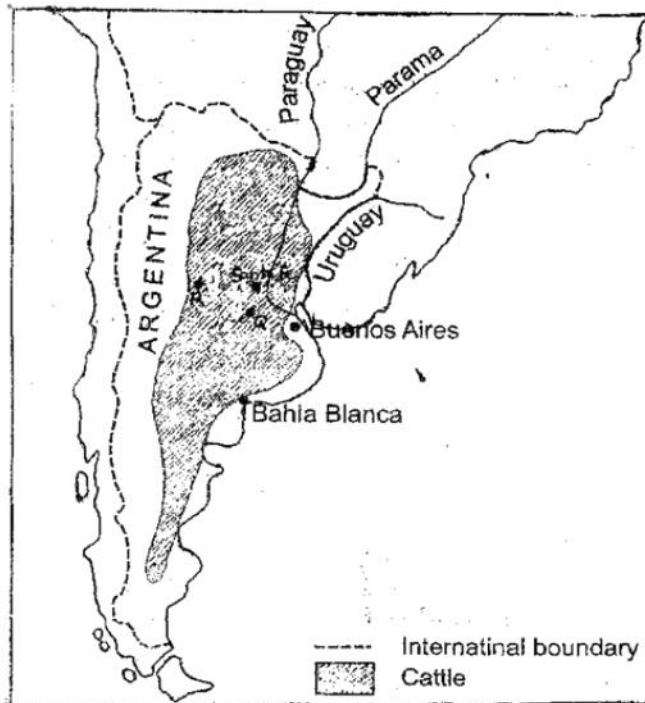
(c) State four importance of forestry to the economy of Kenya (6mks)

(d) Explain three efforts being made by the Kenyan government to solve the problem of high rate of forest depletion (3mks)

8. (a) (i) Name three beef breeds reared in Kenya (4mks)

(ii) State four characteristics of beef fanning in Kenya

(b) The map below shows cattle rearing areas in Argentina. Use it to answer the question that follows



(i) Identify the towns labeled Q and R (2rnks)

(ii) State four factors favouring beef farming in Argentina (4mks)

9. (a) (i) Distinguish between fishing and fisheries. (2mks)
- (ii) Apart from fish, name two other aquatic animals harvested in oceans and seas (2mks)
- (b) (i) Name two fresh water fishing grounds in Kenya (2mks)
- (ii) State four factors that favour fishing in North East-Pacific fishing ground (4mks)
- (iii) List two methods used in commercial fishing (2mks)
- (c) Explain four reasons for widespread freshwater fishing in East Africa (8mks)
- (d) Give five significance of fishing to Kenya's economy (5mks)

10. (a) (i) Define transport (1mk)
- (ii) List three modes of transport (3mks)
- (b) The map below shows navigable rivers and major sea ports in Africa
- (i) Name rivers X, Y, Z (3mks)
- (ii) Identify the seaports labeled K and L (2mks)
- (c) Explain four reasons why road transport is most widespread in Africa compared to other forms of transport (8mks)
- (d) Explain four efforts made by African governments to solve transport and communication problems (8mks)

