

Name.....

Index No.....

233/3

CHEMISTRY

PAPER 3

July/August – 2009

Time: 2 ½ Hours

INTERZONAL

Kenya Certificate of secondary Education

QUESTION 1 (13 marks)

You are provided with

- 0.2 M sodium hydroxide, solution B
- solution of carboxylic acid $C_2H_2(CO.OH)_n$
- Solution A

You are required to determine the value of n in the formula $C_2 H_2 (CO.OH)_n$ of carboxylic acid A

Procedure

1 (a) Place solution A in the burette. Pipette 25.0cm^3 of solution B into a conical flask and titrate with solution A using phenolphthalein indicator

Record your results in table 1 below and repeat the titration to achieve consistent results

Results: volume of pipette..... cm^3

Table 1

Burette readings			
Titration Number	I	II	III
Final Burette reading cm^3			
Initial Burette reading cm^3			
Volume of solution A use in cm^3			

- (b) Average volume of A (1 mark)
- (c) Calculate the number of moles of NaOH used (2 marks)
- (d) calculate the number of moles of A used
- (e) Determine the concentration of NaOH solution V in moles per litre

Fill the burette with solution V. Pipette 25.0 of the carboxylic acid solution W into a conical flask. Add two drops of phenolphthalein solution and titrate with solution V. Repeat so as to obtain three consistent values

Table II

Titration	I	II	III
Final burette reading			
Initial reading			
Volume used (cm ³)			

- (f) If the mass of Mg ribbon used in the 1st experiment was 2.0g
Determine the volume of gas produced
(Molar gas volume = 24cm³ at r.t.p Mg = 24)
- (g) From the graph determine the solubility at
(i) 45^o C

(ii) 75^o C
- (h) Calculate the amount of solid Q deposited when the solution is cooled from 75^oC to 45^oC
- (i) Comment on the type of graph obtained (1 mark)

QUESTION 3 (14 MARKS)

1. You are provided with solution W and solid X. Carry out the tests below. Write your observation and inferences in the spaces provided

(a) place about 3 cm³ of solution W into a test tube and test it with both blue and red litmus papers

OBSERVATION	INFERENCES
.....
.....
.....
.....

(1 mark)

(1 mark)

(b) Place all of solid X in a dry test tube. Add 1 cm³ of solution W. Allow the reaction to proceed for about 5 minutes then add 6 cm³ of distilled water to the mixture. Decant and divide the solution into three portions

(i) To the first portion, add aqueous NaOH dropwise until in excess

OBSERVATION	INFERENCES
.....
.....
.....
.....

(1 mark)

(1 mark)

(iii) To the 2nd portion add aqueous NH₃ until in excess

OBSERVATION	INFERENCES
.....
.....
.....
.....

(1 mark)

(1 mark)

(iii) To the third portion add 3 drops BaCl₂ solution

OBSERVATION	INFERENCES
.....
.....
.....
.....

(1 mark)

(1 mark)

- 2 You are provided with an organic compound K. carry out the test below write your observations and inferences in the spaces provided.
Place all solid K in boiling tube. Add distilled H₂O until the boiling tube is about half- full. Shake well to dissolve all the solid. Divide the solution into three portions

(a) To the first portion add 1% of bromine H₂O and warm

OBSERVATION	INFERENCES
.....
.....
.....
.....

(1 mark)

(1 mark)

(b) To the 2nd portion add 3 drops of acidified potassium permanganate and warm gently

OBSERVATION	INFERENCES
.....
.....
.....
.....

(1 mark)

(1 mark)

(c) To the 3rd portion add a spatula endful of NaHCO₃

OBSERVATION	INFERENCES
.....
.....
.....
.....

(1 mark)

(1 mark)